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User guide



12/10-01 PC



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### What VISUAL is

The VISUAL software can create a synoptic page, which is a clear and tidy representation of the SCS system installed, to supply an instrument to control the system itself, by means of a simple and intuitive graphic interface.

### Use

### **Opening a project**

To open the project file double click on the icon of the file itself.



The project is opened directly in the Monitoring area.



You can now interact with the system by means of the objects in the project.

### **Monitoring area**

In this area you can interact with the system components and check its state by means of the objects in the project.

Open the remote control



### **Remote control**

In this window you can start, stop and monitor the project. You can also move from one sheet to another and display/hide the levels.



### **Displaying the device state**

The state of the system components can be deduced from the type of icon displayed by the object entered in the project:

Object				Sta	ate			
Actuator	X	Off-line/ Undefined state	I	OFF	1	ON	1	Bulb burnt (dimmer only)
Contact	off	Off-line	off	OFF	on	ON		
Scenario Module	×	Off-line	*)	OFF	*)	ON	*)	Being amended/ created
Mover	Ś	Off-line/ Undefined state	<b>~</b>	UP	< >	DOWN		STOP
Web Server	<b>X</b>	Off-line/ Web Server cannot be reached	۲	OFF (design only)		ON/On-line		
Camera		Off-line		OFF (design only)	Į	On-line		
Burglar-alarm control unit	(internet)	Off-line/ Undefined state	((•))	Not Inserted	((•))	Inserted	()	Alarm being given
Load	N.	Off-line/ Undefined state	*	OFF	N.	ON		
Temperature control unit 99 zones	<b>B</b>	Off-line/ Undefined state		OFF (design only)		On-line		
Temperature control unit 4 zones	4	Off-line/ Undefined state	4 •	OFF (design only)	4	On-line		
Master sensor		Off-line/ Undefined state		OFF (design only)		ON		
Slave sensor		Off-line/ Undefined state		OFF (design only)	0	ON		
Sound source	M	Off-line/ Undefined state	<b>"</b>	OFF	$\varPi_{\varPi}$	ON		
Standard amplifier	1	Off-line/ Undefined state	8	OFF	(°))	ON		
Power amplifier	8	Off-line/ Undefined state	8	OFF	6	ON		

# VISUAL

### Using the SCS actuator object

This object gives a synchronised view of the state of the actuator in the system. Touching it changes the state (in both ON/OFF and dimmer modes).



### Using the Scenario Module object

When configured as Module of scenarios actually existing in the system, this object can be used to activate the scenarios saved in the module itself. New scenarios may also be created, or the existing ones amended.



Deletes the actions of the selected scenario

Deletes all scenarios (including the ones already in the Scenario Module).

Example - Creating a new scenario (scenario 3)



- 1 > Select the scenario to save
- 2 > Unblock the Management mode

# 



### Using the SCS mover object

This object gives a synchronised view of the state of the actuator in the system. Touching it changes the state.



## Using the Web Server object

This object gives a synchronised view of the Web Server installed in the system. On touching it the parameter visual display appears, where there are some device parameters.



### Using the camera object

This object gives a synchronised view of the cameras installed in the system. On touching it the parameter visual display appears and from this you can take instant photographs, record films and switch the cameras ON/OFF.



### **Recording a film**



### Taking and saving a picture

folder





The film is

. - . . .

played

Save the picture in the folder required

### Using the burglar-alarm control unit object

This object can manage the alarms in a system which uses a burglar-alarm control unit.

If an alarm is signalled in the burglaralarm control unit a red indicator appears. On clicking on the object a visual display is opened.



- State
- Battery

• Other zones

Technical

• System

displays whether the battery is working

- Zones controlled displays the active zones (purple background) and if there is an alarm the zone involved (zone number in red)
  - displays the other zones (connectors, auxiliaries and the control unit)
  - displays the technical alarms
  - system IP address

Click on "ALARM" to display the Alarm window, where the alarm in progress can be displayed and dealt with (see "Alarms" section).

VISUAL

### Using the controlled load object

This object gives a synchronised view of the devices connected to a load control unit.



Priority

If there is an overload, one of these devices may be disabled. Click on the push button at the right of the deactivated load to force the state to reactivate it.

### Using the temperature control unit object (99-zone central unit)

This object can set the temperature and set the antifreeze/thermal protection mode for the whole temperature control system.

There are some programs to set the system temperature. These can be selected in the **Temperature control Programs** section.



System management push buttons



### Set the temperature



### Set ACTIVATE HOLIDAY

This function can select a particular daily profile for a determined period.



The holiday program will be performed until 17:38 on December 16<sup>th</sup> 2010. After that date, heating program 2 will be activated.

### Set ACTIVATE WEEKLY PROGRAM

This function can select a weekly program saved in the temperature control unit.



With this option the system will work in automatic mode following the program set in heating program 3.

### Set ACTIVATE SCENARIO

This function can select a scenario from those saved in the temperature control unit.



In this mode different temperatures can be saved in various zones of the system as saved in heating scenario 4.

### Set HOLIDAYS

This function can set the Holiday mode.



In this way the system will remain in antifreeze mode until 17:42 on December 16<sup>th</sup> 2010. After that date, heating program 2 will be activated.

### Using the temperature control sensor object (99-zone central unit)

This object can control a temperature control sensor in the system. Click on the object in the Monitoring area to display the sensor data and set the temperature and the antifreeze/thermal protection mode and the forced switching off of the zone.



### Sensor management push buttons



Set the Fan-coil sensor speed, if applicable

Example – Increase the temperature by 0.5 °C with respect to that set by the control unit.



### Using the temperature control sensor object (4-zone central unit)

This object is used to display the temperatures measured and set, detected by the system sensors. For the "Fan-coil" sensors, the fan-coil speed can also be set.



Example – Setting the minimum speed of the fan-coil of a Fan-coil sensor.

![](_page_17_Picture_5.jpeg)

### VISUAL

### Using the sound source object

This object can control a sound source in the system.

![](_page_18_Picture_4.jpeg)

The room management screen can be used to set in which rooms a sound source can be listened to.

![](_page_18_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_1.jpeg)

Example – Save a station tuned as "station 1"

### Using the Standard amplifier object

This object configured like an amplifier really present in the system (only point-point mode) can command and display the state of the amplifier itself.

![](_page_19_Figure_5.jpeg)

### Using the Power amplifier object

This object, configured as power amplifier really present in the system, provides the user with the possibility of controlling and displaying the amplifier status. Differently from the standard amplifier, it is possible (using the appropriate screens) to perform advanced sound adjustments.

![](_page_19_Figure_8.jpeg)

While in the Monitoring area, click and hold down the central section of the amplifier for more than 5 seconds to display the following screen to perform several sound adjustments:

![](_page_20_Figure_3.jpeg)

By opening the Equalizer screen it is possible to perform advanced adjustments, which can then be saved

![](_page_20_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

Example - Saving a customised curve (user 3).

### Using the clock object

This object can display/set the system time.

![](_page_21_Picture_5.jpeg)

If the object is set to display the system time, on clicking on it (Monitoring area) a window appears where the system time and date can be set.

### Managing an alarm – "Basic"

### Example:

An SCS mover object has been configured to generate an alarm when it receives an UP command (rolling shutter raised); send a STOP command to end the alarm or reset the alarm by pressing the **Force alarm reset** key.

![](_page_22_Figure_5.jpeg)

When an indication is given that the system has generated an alarm click on the **Alarm** icon. The **Alarm given** window is displayed.

To end the alarm send a STOP command to end the alarm or reset the alarm by pressing the **Force alarm reset** key.

![](_page_22_Picture_8.jpeg)

Use the mover which has generated the alarm to send a STOP command to the device in the system.

OR

![](_page_22_Figure_11.jpeg)

J

Click on the "Force alarm reset" key to force its reset.

In the **Event history** window, on selecting an alarm all the events linked to the alarm itself are shown (pink background). The "history" can thus be reconstructed.

Draig !	he heading of the	e column to be pr	rupet					
con	Туре	Event	Origin descript	Interface	Start date	Alar		
6	Lights-rolling	UP	A-1 PL-4	Web server 1-1	15/07/2005		—— Start alarm (UP)	
	a barrenting of	ATOP	ANT BEAM IN	Web answer [11]	15/03/2005	0	End alarm (STOP)	A
6	tare	End of monitoring	Uzer		15/07/2005		End didim (STOL)	$\sim$
	$\langle \rangle$	Start monitoring	User		15/07/2005			
	Software	End of monitoring	User		15/07/2005			
	Software	Start monitoring	User		15/07/2005			
	Lightz-rolling butter automation	UP	A=1 PL=4	Web server 1-1	15/07/2005		—— Start alarm (UP)	B
	Alarm	UP	User	Web server 1-1	15/07/2005	*	Forced reset	$\sim$

![](_page_23_Picture_0.jpeg)

# Visual 3.0 (Baild 36) - [Living room] V(SUal Renote control Alama Options

### Managing an alarm – "Advanced"

Example: the burglar-alarm control unit has detected an intrusion alarm in zone 1.

Click on the **Alarm** icon to display the **Alarms given** window which shows the origin and cause of the alarm.

Then enter the **Alarms to manage** window by clicking on the key. Then proceed following the diagram shown below:

![](_page_23_Figure_6.jpeg)

The **Event history** shows how the alarms have been managed.

![](_page_23_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_0.jpeg)

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